



Drug Offenses and Financial Aid

Per federal regulation CFR 34 668.40, "A student is ineligible to receive title IV, HEA program funds if the student has been convicted of an offense under any Federal or State law involving the possession or sale of illegal drugs for conduct that occurred during a period of enrollment for which the student was receiving title IV, HEA program funds."

➤ Required Disclosure

Washburn University is required to provide notice to all students upon enrollment of the possibility of losing eligibility for federal financial aid due to a drug-related violation of Federal or State laws.

➤ Potential Financial Aid Eligibility Repercussions

For the purposes of this federal regulation, a conviction is only one that is on a student's record. A conviction that was reversed, set aside, or removed does not apply.

If a student is convicted of an offense involving the possession of a controlled substance, the corresponding federal financial aid ineligibility period is as follows.

Offense Number	Ineligibility Period
First	One year after date of conviction
Second	Two years after date of conviction
Third	Indefinite period after date of conviction

If a student is convicted of an offense involving the sale of a controlled substance, the corresponding federal financial aid ineligibility period is as follows.

Offense Number	Ineligibility Period
First	Two years after date of conviction
Second	Indefinite period after date of conviction

➤ Drug Rehabilitation Programs

If a student satisfactorily completes a drug rehabilitation program after their most recent drug conviction, the student may regain federal financial aid eligibility on the date of successful completion of the program.

An acceptable drug rehabilitation program must meet the following requirements:

1. At least two unannounced drug tests; and
2. Has received or is qualified to receive funds from a Federal, State, or local government program;
3. Is administered or recognized by a Federal State, or local government agency or court;
4. Has received or is qualified to receive payment from a Federally or State-licensed insurance company; or
5. Is administered or recognized by a Federally or State-licensed hospital, health clinic or medial doctor.